



The Trade Sector in Portugal*

Results from the National Integrated Business Accounts System 2011









DISTRIBUTIVE TRADE ENTERPRISES











TRADE ENTERPRISES Main data

- **253,835** enterprises 22.3% for the total of the Business sector working within 3 sub sectors:
 - Trade, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles -30,143 enterprises, 11.9% of the Total
 - Wholesale Trade, excluding motor vehicles and motorcycles (66,988 enterprises, 26.4% of the Total
 - Retail Trade, excluding motor vehicles and motorcycles (156,704 enterprises, 61.7 % of the Total
- **801,544** persons employed 21.4% for the total of the Business sector











DISTRIBUTIVE TRADE ENTERPRISES - Turnover

- Total turnover of EUR 127,968 million 36.8% for the total of the Business sector:
 - More than half (52.1%) of the total turnover from the Trade sector was originated in wholesale trade
 - Retail trade accounted for a 35.8% share
 - o while the remaining (12.1%) came from trade, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles.
- The region of **Lisbon** generated **46.5%** of the turnover from the global business trade sector.
- In 2011, only 118 trade enterprises were very large companies (with 250 or more persons employed) - having originated 19.1% of the total turnover of this sector.









DISTRIBUTIVE TRADE ENTERPRISES - Turnover

- Within the Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycle "the sale of motor vehicles" were responsible for 59.1% of the global turnover and accounted for a 8.3 p.p. decrease in relation to its relative weight in 2010
- Turnover from **wholesale trade** mainly concentrated in 3 groups of products:
 - o 'fuels, construction materials, chemical products and intermediate products' (30.5%)
 - 'food, beverages and tobacco' (25.5%)
 - 'household goods' (21.5%)











DISTRIBUTIVE TRADE ENTERPRISES - Turnover

• In **Retail trade** food products:

- beverages and tobacco accounted for the largest share of the turnover (31.2%)
- automotive fuel and other new goods n.e.c.' 24.5%
- private use goods, such as clothing, pharmaceutical and medical goods,
 toilet articles, plants and pet animals 22.5%.











DISTRIBUTIVE TRADE ENTERPRISES - Products

In Retail sale:

- concentration of 'food products' in enterprises with <u>non-specialized</u> stores - 77.5% of sales of this type of products.
- 'construction materials', 'household goods', 'cultural products and clothing', 'pharmaceutical products', among others, were traded mainly by enterprises with <u>specialized establishments</u>.





















- 3,234 establishments :
 - o 50% food retail trade or food-predominant retail trade
 - 50% non-food or non-food predominant retail trade units
- 70.2% of the total number of employees
- The **turnover** reached **EUR 15,772 million** 99.3% of which from sales of goods; the remaining from rendered services.
- Regional distribution of the total sales:
 - Predominance of Lisbon (34.9%),
 - \circ followed by the North (29.2%) and the Centre (19.7%).

84% of the total number of establishments.











From the **total sales of EUR 15,667 million**, around 2/3 were originated in **food retail**, while the remaining came from non-food retail:

- On average, each food retail trade unit originated annually EUR 6.8 million of sales
- In non-food retail trade, the annual average sales per establishment reached EUR 2.9 million.
- In 2011, the nº of transactions reached 845 million:
 - average of 16 € per transaction for food retail trade
 - 28 € per transaction for non-food retail trade.











Predominant sales:

- In food-predominant retail establishments, 'food products, beverages and tobacco' weighted 71.8% in the total of sales:
- 'rice, pasta and cereals' (12.9%),
- 'milk, dairy products and eggs' (12.2%);
- 'meat and meat based products' (11.1%).

From the non-food products, the most important were 'cosmetic and toilet articles' (7.9%) and 'cleaning materials' (3.9%).

• In non-food retail trade, sales of 'clothes' were predominant (24.6%), followed by sales of 'computers and optical material, photographic and telecommunications products' (12.2%), 'furniture and domestic articles' (10.7%).









- Sales of own brand products occurred in:
 - 93.6% of the food retail establishments originating 31.7% of sales for each segment
 - 82% of the non-food retail establishments, originating 45.3% of sales for each segment.
- Means of payment: the use of debit and credit cards was predominant in relation to the use of cash both in:
 - food retail trade (48% and 43.6%, respectively)
 - non-food retail trade (57.3% and 26.5%, respectively).











THANK YOU!









